

# VRIL Technology in Civil Praxis



Report by the Government Commission Vrilia about the developments released for the civil sector in 2009

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See also: [www.principality-of-sealand.eu](http://www.principality-of-sealand.eu):

→ [VRIL Documentation 11-09](#) and → [Government Declaration 10-09](#)

The latest releases for civil use of the VRIL technology and the advances in the application technology enabled by them over the last weeks and months [→ compare VRIL devices from recent years] have moved the Government Commission VRILIA to present these innovations to a wider public.



The latest VRIL devices are called VRIL Staffs due to their form. They are only about 15 cms in length over all. [→ [Images of the preceding models](#)]

Their effect on the performance of present-day combustion engines clearly surpasses the experiences made by users so far.

The VRIL technology of the German Reich today moves in other ways than in the 30s of last century.

For the civil sector there are no energy *producing* devices available, but small, simple and inexpensive units that via their special connection to a "cosmic" source of power make their energy available in the strength as defined and allowed for now.

Our VRIL devices do not *create* energies, they only *mediate* them.

Through specifically energised materials they develop fields – in part also in the electromagnetic area –, via which the so-called space energy (also called "zero point energy") is transformed into mechanic and/or biological efficacy. This occurs up to the level – limited while initialising – that is at the time "requested" by the user. A conventional energy influx can not be ascertained with today's measuring devices.

Yet to make the energy flow still visible somehow, a so-called Pulsoximeter may be used.



A → [Pulsoximeter](#), here the model → [Oxytrue SC](#), measures the O<sub>2</sub> saturation of the blood at the finger (left) and the pulse (right). If the Pulsoximeter is applied to the tip of the VRIL Staff, the device shows values that point to a kind of energy field or – in a measurement from the inside of a car – an energy flow in the engine space.<sup>1</sup>



<sup>1</sup> A Pulsoximeter consists of a peripheral sensor and a microprocessing unit that shows the oxygen saturation and the pulse frequency in a wave form. The device is affixed to a peripheral part of the body like ear lobes, nose or finger. In the testing device there are two light-emitting diodes (LEDs), one in the visible red spectrum (660nm), the other in the infrared spectrum (940nm). The light beams interpenetrate through the tissue to a photosensor. Depending on the haemoglobin concentration a part of the light is absorbed when it passes through the blood or the finer tissue. The absorbed amount of light in any frequency is dependent on the saturation degree of haemoglobin in the tissue. The microprocessor can de-

Effect on piston engines: In the presence of a VRIL Staff (in the passenger or better in the engine compartment) fuel consumption is decreased, torque is increased and drag resistance decreased – at his time by about 40 %, tendency rising. Such phenomena are so far not explicable by traditional physics, but their effects are measurable.

The mid- and long-term goal for civil models to be released in the future is not just the lowering of fuel consumption of piston engines, but finally the non-consuming operation of all forms of drives, for instance of gas turbines and electric motors.

For the Government Commission VRILIA hat die establishment of the social and political prerequisites for the disposability of such developments takes priority. The ideal it envisages is that of a device that – if placed near a propulsion device – mediates the energy requested due to its construction.

For biological applications all design forms of the VRIL technology are available. Generally we notice that the immune system is strengthened and the susceptibility to deceases is lowered. First → Kirlian images showed encouraging realisations: After a mere 20 minutes with a VRIL device near the body all criteria – in the opinion of specialists – showed a marked improvement in the organism towards a healthy harmony. Generally speaking might the application of VRIL technology give such a strong impulse to public health that the consumption of synthetic medication will decrease.

The foremost task at this time, however, is to make available a technically simple individualisation of the energy flow for both mechanical as well as biological applications. When building our devices the most important question is that of the proper dimensioning of performance. This means how much individualised energy may be called up according to need by an organism living under the present conditions or by the existing motors ...

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*Government Commission VRILIA*

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termine the absorption of the pulsating part of the blood, meaning the difference to arterial blood and the constant absorption due to non-pulsating venal or capillary blood and other tissue fibres. Some advances in microprocessing technology have reduced the perturbations in Pulsoximeter functions. The time-division multiplexing in which the LEDs cycle: red on, then infrared on, then both off – several times per second – helps to eliminate background noise. Quadrature phase shift keying is another advance step since the red and infrared signals are phase- and not time-separated and later are reunited. In this way an artefact stemming from movement or electromagnetic influence may be eliminated, since upon reunification it will not appear in the same phase as the two LED signals. [\[Source\]](#)